

The Evening Herald

STREET PRICES,
Chicago, Jan. 25, 1920—The world's
debt was estimated by the National
City Bank today at \$200,000,000,000
compared with \$47,000,000,000 in
1914.

METAL MARKETS.
NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Bar silver,
\$1.34.
Copper easier. Electrolytic spot
first quarter, 18 1/2 @ 19 1/2; second
quarter, 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2.
Iron steady. No. 1 northern 45.50,
No. 2 northern, 44.50, No. 2 southern,
42.00.

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Albuquerque, New Mexico, Monday, January 26, 1920

Price Five Cents

SOVIET STRONG ENOUGH TO FIGHT WORLD, MARTENS DECLARES

SENATE VOTES TO APPROPRIATE HALF A MILLION TO FIGHT THE FLU AS DEATHS IN STATES INCREASE

ENVOY BOASTS OF POWER OF BOLSHENIKI

Tells Senators Soviets Have Millions to Spend for Needs

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The Russian soviet organizations have become "strong enough to fight the world," Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, soviet agent to the United States told a senate investigating committee today. Because of this, he said, the soviet have ceased to urge international revolution to support them.

The Russian soviet have "between \$45,000,000 and \$500,000,000 in the public treasury," Martens said, which it was now desired to spend on foreign countries in the purchase of necessities. "There was more gold in the hands of private banks or individuals in Russia," he added.

Examination of Martens before the senate sub-committee investigating radical propaganda was resumed today and his statement as to the policy of the Russian soviet followed the request of the committee that the originals of his instructions be presented. Previously, former Senator Hardwick, Martens' counsel, had explained that Martens had refused to present the code used for communicating with his government before the Lusk legislative committee in New York.

"I'd like to have a little time to see what instructions I have," Martens said. "I like to furnish the committee everything it requests."

"This code was the only thing the soviet agent wanted to protect," Hardwick declared. "I have no objection to its being made public."

"These instructions from my government have at all times guided my policy and conduct," he said.

"In all my activities, I have scrupulously refrained from any incursions or participation in the domestic affairs of the United States."

"My government specifically disclaims any interest in the United States and should not be used for any purpose involving interference in the internal affairs of the United States," he said.

Wants instructions. Senator Borah of Idaho, republican, declared that the committee would want to have the original instructions from the soviet government.

"That's his inference only from the instructions," remarked Senator Brandegee, republican of Connecticut. "Have you ever carried out propaganda in this country with a view to going soviet government established in this country?" Senator Borah asked.

"Never," Martens answered. "I have carried on a propaganda in this country to get the soviet government recognized, that is all."

Mexico Hearings at Many Border Towns

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 25.—The senate sub-committee investigating affairs in Mexico will hold hearings at Columbus, N. M., Douglas, Arizona, Saco, Idaho, and Tucson, Arizona, before proceeding to Los Angeles and San Diego, California. It was announced here today by Senator A. B. Fall, chairman.

SAYS SUGAR TRUST HITS BEET GROWERS

FARMERS' REPRESENTATIVE ASSERTS LOBBY IS MAINTAINED IN WASHINGTON

DENVER, Jan. 25.—Five hundred delegates, representing sugar beet growers' organizations of Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska, Idaho, Utah, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Michigan, gathered here today to attend the first national convention of the beet growers.

The primary object of the convention is the formation of a co-operative organization which will handle the entire beet output in a manner somewhat similar to that used by the fruit growers of California in marketing their products. It is the contention of the beet men that prices are too low to compensate the growers with more than a living wage.

The beet growers are particularly in touch with all markets, according to the beet growers, and have been responsible for maintaining low beet prices.

A number of representatives of the federal government, including John H. Alwood, assistant to Attorney General Palmer, are in attendance.

On the other hand, if these striking miners desire to quit mining in Kansas because they do not approve of the industrial court law, they are not to be hindered in any way by any individual who wants to work in these mines.

The speaker denounced the manufacturers as "exploiting corporations" and urged the beet growers to organize if they would receive a just return for their product.

"We want to make our industry independent of all other countries in the matter of sugar production," declared Patterson, pointing out that a sliding price scale agreement was the product of the manufacturer which places the industry on a solid basis where the beet growers will feel justified in increasing their average.

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MINERS STRIKE TO TEST NEW KANSAS LAW

400 Go Out in Protest Against Industrial Court Bill

PITTSBURG, Kans., Jan. 25.—Four hundred Kansas miners struck this morning because of the passage of the industrial court bill. A mine of the Western Coal & Mining company at Franklin, and a mine of the Wear Coal company at Danville, were idle.

Although the court has not yet been organized to operate, it became legally established with the publication of the new law in the official state paper Saturday.

Governor Allen and members of the court went into conference this morning and upon learning of the strike announced that whatever action is deemed necessary will be taken at once.

IMMEDIATE TEST OF NEW LAW, GOVERNOR SAYS. TOPEKA, Kans., Jan. 25.—The strike of 400 miners, reported this morning, means an immediate test of the new industrial relations court law.

Governor Allen in a formal statement said he had asked Attorney General Hopkins to go at once to the mining district to assist local authorities in a vigorous prosecution under the industrial relations law.

"I deplore the spirit which brings any man into open defiance of the laws of this state. There is no general interest in giving the individual mine the right of any individual mine to cease his employment, but if investigation discloses that this is a concerted movement to defy the law, the state of Kansas will assist its enforcement."

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Hun Minister Shot; Assailant Is Arrested

BELLEVILLE, Mo., Jan. 25.—Mathias Erberberger, the minister of finance, was wounded by a shot fired at him today.

Erberberger was shot as he was leaving the criminal court building after a hearing in the Heffrich libel suit. Only one shot struck the minister, who was slightly wounded in the shoulder.

His assailant, who gave his name as Olaf von Hirschfeld, was arrested.

Von Hirschfeld is a former cadet officer.

The assailant of the finance minister was seized by the police and taken to a police station where his name was discovered. He is 26 years old and now is a student living in a suburb of Berlin with his parents. His father is a bank official.

Erberberger was engaged in a conversation with his solicitor, Dr. Friedlander, outside the criminal court at 2:30 o'clock when his assailant, a well dressed young man, approached and fired a revolver at the finance minister. The shot entered his shoulder.

Dr. Friedlander sprang at the youth, who at the same moment fired a second shot which hit Erberberger in the region of the stomach, but glanced off his watch chain and a button.

Erberberger staggered into his motor car which was waiting to take him home and drove off at full speed.

While the finance minister is not seriously wounded an operation will be necessary to extract the bullet from his shoulder.

Mathias Erberberger, for many years leader of the German center party, is one of the most prominent figures in German public life. During the war he was a strong supporter of the government in general but became hostile to the center party after the peace treaty was signed in July, 1917.

He was a member of the German senate delegation sent to Mrs. Alford's headquarters and continued working for Germany in various capacities over the Atlantic ocean after the peace treaty was signed in July, 1917.

When the Hauser cabinet was formed in June, 1918, Erberberger was appointed vice premier and minister of finance.

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REPUBLICANS WIDEN BREACH OVER TREATY

Refuse Compromise on Article 10 or Monroe Doctrine

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—No change in the reservations affecting Article 10 of the league of nations covenant, or the Monroe Doctrine provision of the peace treaty will be acceptable to the republicans, Senator Lodge today informed Senator Hitchcock and other members of the informal democratic committee which has been conferring with Senator Lodge's committee in an effort to reach a compromise on the treaty.

Senator Lodge's statement was formulated after his conference Saturday with Senators Borah, of Idaho, Johnson, of California, and other republican senators, opposing the treaty.

Immediately after the statement was presented today the bi-partisan conference adjourned, Senator Hitchcock and his associates retiring for a private conference. They will make their reply to Senator Lodge tomorrow morning.

Senator Hitchcock later issued this statement: "When the conference assembled, Senator Lodge advised the senators present that he had been called into a meeting by certain republican senators and for that reason had not been able to attend the last conference. He requested to say that it was impossible to resume the conference for a compromise, except upon the understanding that no change shall be made in the reservations over the article 10 of the Monroe Doctrine. The democratic members refused. As a private conference and will make their reply to Senator Lodge tomorrow morning at a meeting at 10:30 o'clock."

The conference up to the time of the meeting was interrupted by the committee's agreement upon the principle and all sections of the reservation except that relating to article 10, the Monroe Doctrine and one or two minor matters and an agreement was apparently also consummated on article 10, which adjustment suddenly came, followed by the intervention of the irreconcilable republicans."

Senator Lodge issued the following statement: "I have only this to say about the committee meeting this morning. That I said to the committee that there is a very strong feeling among many senators against any change in the League reservations, either in word or in substance and that I thought it only fair to say now what I have already said in public that there can be no compromise of principle and that it would be impossible to secure, in my judgment, the withdrawal of the senate if any change was attempted in such articles as two and five, those relating to article ten and the Monroe Doctrine. I said this was a mere statement of the situation."

Canadian Embargo on Newspaper Is Lifted

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 25.—Western (Canadian) newspapers now are receiving the full amount of news print, according to a telegram received here today from H. W. Bredford, paper controller. The embargo on the Fort Francis, N. B., paper company's export business which was imposed upon its refusal to supply western Canadian publishers, was lifted Saturday night.

Cold Wave Hits New England States

BOSTON, Jan. 25.—The mercury was forced to new official low levels by the cold wave which spread over Northern New England last night. Norfolk, Vermont, with a reading of 20 minus, was the coldest place on the northern American continent from which official reports were received from the weather bureau today.

Official figures, however, ran lower, reports of forty below coming from Van Buren, Mass., and Montpelier, Vt.

WYOMING SOLONS MEET. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 25.—The special session of the Wyoming legislature convened here today pursuant to a call issued several weeks ago by Governor Robert D. Carey. The only business before the assembly will be action on the proposed ratification of the suffrage amendment to the federal constitution. This session will probably not last more than two days.

SUPREME COURT RECESS. WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The supreme court will recess next Monday until March. Chief Justice White announced today.

World's Debt Put At \$200,000,000,000

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—The world's debt was estimated by the National City Bank today at \$200,000,000,000 compared with \$47,000,000,000 in 1914.

Paper currency throughout the world increased 800 per cent since 1914, while the gold reserve behind it increased only 40 per cent, according to statistics compiled by the bank. The face value of paper currency of thirty principal countries, which totaled \$7,250,000,000 in 1914, had increased to \$40,000,000,000 at the time the armistice was signed. \$200,000,000,000 in December, 1919, exclusive of \$24,000,000,000 issued by the Russian soviet government.

PERISHING IN LOS ANGELES. LOS ANGELES, Calif., Jan. 25.—General John J. Pershing arrived here today for a sixteen hour visit, during which the exercise of his official duties is to be interspersed with public events.

CHANGE OF VENUE DENIED TO W. W. Trial of Men Indicted for Armistice Day Trouble Is Opened

MONTESANO, Wash., Jan. 25.—The attorney for the eleven alleged L. W. W.s, charged with murder in connection with the Armistice Day killing at Centralia, Washington, filed a motion for a change of venue at the trial here today. It was denied, however.

The attorney, George E. Vandevor, in presenting the motion, offered as exhibits clippings from northwestern newspapers which he maintained had tended to create a prejudice against the defendants.

Objection to the presentation of such exhibits as had not made their appearance above the order of the court granting the change of venue, from Lewis to Gray Harbor county was partially sustained by the court when Judge John M. Wilson ruled that he would consider only matters alleged to have occurred since the venue to this county was granted.

In making the ruling the court upheld the contention of counsel for the prosecution that certain of the exhibits had "already been judicially determined and ruled upon."

Wilson Has Decided on Glass' Successor

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—President Wilson has selected a secretary of the treasury to succeed Carter Glass and his nomination is expected to be sent to the senate within a day or two.

At the same house it was said today that the president had chosen a man whose name has not been included among those mentioned in public discussion of possible successors to Mr. Glass.

69 DEATHS IN CHICAGO; 43 IN NEW YORK

Flu Appears in More States But Officials Hope to Check It

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—A resolution carrying an appropriation of \$500,000 to be used by the public health service in combating influenza was adopted today by the senate. As originally introduced by Senator France, republican, of Maryland, the resolution proposed an appropriation of \$5,000,000. This was reduced in committee to \$1,000,000 and in order to prevent an objection by Senator King, democrat, Utah, to immediate consideration of the measure, Senator Binoc, republican, Utah, to have the amount raised to \$100,000.

Influenza is now prevalent throughout twenty states, the public health service announced, and has made its appearance in a number of others.

Two thousand new cases in Michigan were reported today while Kansas City reported thirty-six deaths directly attributed to the disease. Many new cases also were reported by New York city.

States through which the disease is well centered include California, North Dakota, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Ohio, Utah, Wisconsin, Wyoming, Florida, Georgia, Texas and Mississippi.

23 NEW CASES OF FLU IN THIS STATE. SANTA FE, N. M., Jan. 25.—Influenza has spread to Lincoln county, the town of Ancho reporting 15 cases today. The county reports four more and four at reported from Albuquerque and vicinity. Today's reports came by telegram to the state health department.

The department's weekly bulletin, based upon mail reports from local health officers, shows a total of 31 cases last week, distributed as follows: Barnitz, 5; Chaves, 5; Roosevelt, 14; Santa Fe, 1; Taos, 2; Union, 9.

43 DEATHS IN LATE 24 HOUR IN NEW YORK. NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Deaths from influenza here so far this month total 232 of which 43 occurred during the last 24 hours, an increase of 13 over the number reported yesterday. Deaths from pneumonia during the month were reported as 1,187 of which 88 were reported today, or 13 more than yesterday.

Today's addition to the number of influenza cases was 1,712, making the month's total 18,511.

New cases of pneumonia were 238, making the month's total 3,425.

68 DEATHS FROM FLU IN CHICAGO TODAY. CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—Today's death toll from influenza and pneumonia was 68.

(Continued on page two.)

Weather

AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO, ALBUQUERQUE

For 24 Hours Ending 6 a. m.

High: 53. Low: 23. Clear. Wind: light. Direction: variable. Clouds: none.

State Weather: New Mexico: Generally fair to light and Tuesday; stronger tonight.

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Lend Your Auto To The Public Schools

Automobiles are needed to get children to the polling places for tomorrow's school bond election. If you can spare your automobile for all or a part of tomorrow, and if you are willing to spare it on the cause of better schools for Albuquerque, then telephone this afternoon or evening to Harold Sellers, president of the Junior Chamber of Commerce, phone 492, or to John Minge, city school auditor whose address here necessitates the cancellation of a lecture engagement was reported slightly better today. He is confined to his bed in a Pasadena hotel, suffering from what his physician states is a severe cold.

Legal Experts Working on Demand for Former Kaiser

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The reply to the refusal of the Dutch government to comply with the demand of the allies for the surrender of former emperor William, was the first subject discussed today at the initial meeting of the council of the ambassadors created to carry on the unfinished routine work of the supreme council of the peace conference which disbanded last week.

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MAKE IT UNANIMOUS

ANY VOTER who has raised the question of building costs in connection with the school bond issue to be voted upon tomorrow, is answered finally and convincingly in the statement of the Federal Reserve banking board, issued today. The statement shows building activity setting into full swing throughout the nation, with a shortage of labor and a famine of material. The labor shortage may be remedied to an extent by next year; but the material shortage cannot be adjusted for years to come.

Probably every voter who has given the matter any thought is convinced that Albuquerque must have the new school buildings, if we are to continue efficient educational work here and if our children are to be cared for in school in comfort and with proper precautions for their health.

Sentiment for the school bonds seems to be practically unanimous. There is danger that hundreds of people who favor the bonds may stay away from the polls expecting their neighbors to do the voting. Thus there is a danger of a very light vote in which a handful of opponents of the bond issue might endanger its success.

But a few minutes will be required to vote in this election. Go to the polling place in your ward tomorrow EARLY and vote for the school bonds.

Every qualified voter is entitled to vote at this election. Every woman may vote at this election. Registration is not required. There is no property qualification for voters. See that YOUR vote is cast! Make it unanimous!

Here are the voting places:

FIRST WARD—Precinct No. 12, Polling Place, National Life Insurance Co. Office, 200 North Second Street. Judges, J. F. Sulzer, Empron Hyde, A. DeTullo; Clerks, A. Montoya, P. Hanley.

SECOND WARD—Precinct No. 26, Polling Place, 118 West Gold Avenue. Judges, C. E. Vaughn, Sam Porterfield, Clarence Higgins, Clerks, John Lehner, H. A. Cooper.

THIRD WARD—Precinct No. 26, Polling Place, 213 West Gold Avenue. Judges, M. P. Stamm, M. O'Donnell, J. Votaw; Clerks, A. C. Culver, A. J. Maloy.

FOURTH WARD—Precinct No. 12, Polling Place, City Hall. Judges, W. H. Burke, J. A. Skinner, M. Bergman; Clerks, Geo. Hoffman, L. H. Chamberlain.

Every Man and Woman In Albuquerque Has a Personal Interest and Obligation In Success for the School Bonds At Tomorrow's Election. Make It Unanimous for the Bonds.